**Natural Rights**
Rights which belong to humans by nature and can only be justly taken through due process. Examples are life, liberty, and property.

**Liberty**
The power to think and act as one sees fit without restraint except by the laws of nature and interfering with someone else’s rights.

**Bill of Rights**
A document that protects citizens’ rights including freedom of religion, private property, and freedom of speech.

**Justice**
Having a political order that protects the rights of all equally and treats everyone equally under the law.

**Consent of the Governed**
The power of government comes from the people.

**Equality**
All individuals have the same claim as human beings to natural rights and treatment under the law.

**Courage**
The ability to take constructive action in the face of fear or danger. To stand firm as a person of character and do what is right, especially when it is unpopular or puts one at risk.

**Justice**
Upholding of what is fair and right. Respecting the rights and dignity of all.

**Respect**
Regard for and defending the equal rights and inherent dignity of all human beings, including oneself.

**Responsibility**
Acting on good judgment about what is right or wrong even when it is not popular. Individuals must take care of themselves, their families, and their fellow citizens/ others in civil society and a republic and be vigilant to preserve their own liberty and the liberty of others.